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## ATO CLASS RULING RELEASE AND CAPITAL RETURN UPDATE

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On 11 August 2015 Alliance Resources Limited (**Alliance**) announced that it intended to undertake a return of capital (**Capital Return**) to its shareholders of 12 cents per share following completion of the proposed sale of its interest in the Four Mile Uranium Project (**Sale**). A general meeting of Alliance shareholders was held in Melbourne on Friday, 11 September 2015 whereby the Sale and the Capital Return resolutions were carried on a show of hands. Completion of the Sale occurred on 18 September 2015.

The Australian Taxation Office (ATO) has today issued a Class Ruling (CR 2015/81) that confirms the full amount of the distribution represents a Capital Return with no portion deemed to be a dividend from profits. The Class Ruling is consistent with the information previously provided in the Explanatory Statement for the general meeting held on 11 September 2015. The Class Ruling is available at the following link on the ATO website:

<https://www.ato.gov.au/law/view/pdf/pbr/cr2015-081.pdf>,

or the AGS website via the Investor Centre – ATO Class Ruling October 2015 tab, and it is also attached to this announcement.

All shareholders are reminded that they need to seek their own taxation advice as to how the Capital Return impacts their individual taxation circumstances.

The Capital Return is now set to be processed on Wednesday, 28 October 2015 and for all Australian and New Zealand shareholders is to be paid by electronic funds transfer (EFT) only to each shareholder's notified financial institution account. As part of this process, New Zealand shareholders are advised that the relevant foreign exchange rate applicable to their EFT payments has been fixed at A\$1 = NZ\$1.0616

There are still a large number of shareholders yet to upload their financial institution account details. If you have not already done so, Australian and New Zealand shareholders are urged to immediately provide their financial institution account details via either:

- Online – Log into Computershare’s Investor Centre website at [www.investorcentre.com](http://www.investorcentre.com); or
- Post – Computershare, GPO Box 242, Melbourne VIC 3001 (note: Computershare will shortly be mailing a form to those shareholders yet to provide their financial institution account details); or
- Fax – Computershare (within Australia) 1800 783 447 or (outside Australia) +61 3 9473 2555; or
- Click on the Capital Distribution tab on Alliance’s website home page (which will take you directly to the relevant section on the Computershare website)

If financial institution account details are not provided the Capital Return will be withheld until such time that the Shareholder provides the relevant details.

Other overseas Shareholders will receive the Capital Return payment by Australian Dollar cheque.

For and on behalf of the Board.

**Bob Tolliday**  
**CFO & Company Secretary**



## Class Ruling

### Income tax: return of capital: Alliance Resources Limited

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#### **ⓘ This publication provides you with the following level of protection:**

This publication (excluding appendixes) is a public ruling for the purposes of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

A public ruling is an expression of the Commissioner's opinion about the way in which a relevant provision applies, or would apply, to entities generally or to a class of entities in relation to a particular scheme or a class of schemes.

If you rely on this ruling, the Commissioner must apply the law to you in the way set out in the ruling (unless the Commissioner is satisfied that the ruling is incorrect and disadvantages you, in which case the law may be applied to you in a way that is more favourable for you – provided the Commissioner is not prevented from doing so by a time limit imposed by the law). You will be protected from having to pay any underpaid tax, penalty or interest in respect of the matters covered by this ruling if it turns out that it does not correctly state how the relevant provision applies to you.

## What this Ruling is about

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1. This Ruling sets out the Commissioner's opinion on the way in which the relevant provision(s) identified below apply to the defined class of entities, who take part in the scheme to which this Ruling relates.

#### **Relevant provision(s)**

2. The relevant provisions dealt with in this Ruling are:

- subsection 6(1) of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (ITAA 1936)
- section 45A of the ITAA 1936
- section 45B of the ITAA 1936
- section 45C of the ITAA 1936
- section 104-25 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (ITAA 1997)
- section 104-135 ITAA 1997, and
- Division 855 of the ITAA 1997.

All legislative references are to the ITAA 1936 unless otherwise stated.

## **Class of entities**

3. The class of entities to which this Ruling applies is the holders of ordinary shares in Alliance Resources Limited (Alliance) who:

- are registered on the Alliance share register on 14 October 2015 (the Record Date)
- are entitled to participate in the return of capital
- hold their Alliance shares on capital account, and
- are not subject to the taxation of financial arrangements rules in Division 230 of the ITAA 1997 in relation to gains and losses on their Alliance shares.

(Note: Division 230 of the ITAA 1997 will generally not apply to individuals, unless they have made an election for it to apply to them)

In this Ruling, a person belonging to this class of entities is referred to as an 'Alliance shareholder'.

## **Qualifications**

4. The Commissioner makes this Ruling based on the precise scheme in this Ruling.

5. The class of entities defined in this Ruling may rely on its contents provided the scheme actually carried out is carried out in accordance with the scheme described in paragraphs 8 to 29 of this Ruling.

6. If the scheme actually carried out is materially different from the scheme that is described in this Ruling, then:

- this Ruling has no binding effect on the Commissioner because the scheme entered into is not the scheme on which the Commissioner has ruled; and
- this Ruling may be withdrawn or modified.

## **Date of effect**

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7. This Ruling applies from 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016. The Ruling continues to apply after 30 June 2016 to all entities within the specified class who entered into the specified scheme during the term of the Ruling. However, this Ruling will not apply to taxpayers to the extent that it conflicts with the terms of a settlement of a dispute agreed to before the date of issue of this Ruling (see paragraphs 75 and 76 of Taxation Ruling TR 2006/10).

## Scheme

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8. The following description of the scheme is based on information provided by Alliance.

**Note:** certain information has been provided on a commercial-in-confidence basis and will not be disclosed or released under Freedom of Information legislation.

9. Alliance is an Australian resident company which was incorporated on 24 March 1994 and listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) since 19 October 1994. Its principal activity includes uranium mine development and exploration of minerals.

10. Alliance is the head company of a tax consolidated group that was formed on 1 July 2003. Alliance Craton Explorer Pty Ltd (ACE) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alliance and a member of the tax consolidated group since its formation on 1 July 2003.

11. On 30 August 2002, ACE entered into a joint venture agreement (the Joint Venture) over EL2874 and what subsequently became known as the Four Mile uranium project. The purpose of the joint venture was to explore and mine an area located 550 kilometres north of Adelaide in South Australia (the Project).

12. ACE's joint venture interest in the Joint Venture was 25%. However, in an announcement made to the ASX on 20 November 2014, Alliance confirmed that as a result of its decision not to contribute to the Project's 2015 Program and Budget, ACE's interest in the Joint Venture will reduce from 25% to approximately 15% by 31 December 2015.

13. On 14 July 2015, ACE entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement (SPA) with the other Joint Venture partner (the JV partner) to sell to this partner all of ACE's interest in the Joint Venture for \$73.975 million (the Sale). The Sale was subject to a number of conditions which included the approval of the Sale by the shareholders of Alliance.

14. In an announcement made to the ASX on 11 August 2015, Alliance called for an extraordinary general meeting of its shareholders to vote on a resolution approving the Sale and if this was approved, to vote on a resolution involving the return of capital by way of an equal reduction in share capital pursuant to sections 256B and 256C of the *Corporations Act 2001*. An Explanatory Statement was also attached to the announcement.

15. According to the Explanatory Statement, the Sale will deliver a cash consideration to Alliance that is greater than the net book value of the Project. The Sale may also affect Alliance's ability to remain listed on the ASX, as it may no longer meet the trading activity requirements following the Sale.

16. The Explanatory Statement also provided information on the 2014 legal proceedings brought by ACE against the JV partner. One of the objectives of the 2014 legal proceedings was to seek a declaration that the termination of the JV partner's appointment, as the sales and marketing agent of ACE's share of product mined at the Project, was valid. Background leading to the 2014 legal proceedings was provided in an announcement made to the ASX on 20 November 2014 (the ASX announcement).

17. According to the ASX announcement, the JV partner's appointment was terminated because of its refusal to comply with the direction of ACE to sell ACE's share of the uranium concentrate which had been shipped to Canada for conversion. The ASX announcement also stated that ACE has always proceeded on the basis that revenue from the sale of its share of product mined at the Project would cover a substantial part, if not all, of its share in the expenses of the operation of the Project.

18. A stay of the 2014 legal proceedings was granted in accordance with the terms of the Sale.

19. Both resolutions were approved on 11 September 2015. The sale was completed on 18 September 2015.

20. Following the Sale, Alliance's operations will consist of only two exploration project areas in northern Chile, considered to be potential prospects for copper, gold, silver and uranium.

## **Return of capital**

21. Alliance will make a return of capital of \$50,060,852.76 equating to \$0.12 per share assuming there are 417,173,773 shares on issue as at the Record Date (the return of capital).

22. Alliance will not return capital of any more than \$0.12 per share at this time until Alliance has determined its tax liability in respect of the Sale, which will not be finalised until after the end of the income year ended 30 June 2016.

23. The return of capital will be paid equally to each holder of an Alliance share who is registered on the Alliance share register on the Record Date. The date for the return of capital (Payment Date) is 28 October 2015. No shares will be cancelled and the number of shares held by each shareholder will not change as a result of the return of capital. No fractional entitlements will arise from the return of capital.

24. The return of capital will be debited in full against Alliance's share capital account and funded entirely from the cash proceeds of the Sale. Alliance has confirmed that its share capital account (as defined in section 975-300 of the ITAA 1997) is not tainted within the meaning of Division 197 of the ITAA 1997.

**Financial and other information**

25. Alliance has a single class share capital structure consisting of fully paid ordinary shares. As at the Record Date, Alliance's paid up share capital is \$108,686,588.90.

26. As at 9 October 2015, Alliance had 417,173,773 ordinary shares on issue which were trading at a price of \$0.15, providing a market capitalisation of \$62,576,065.95.

27. Given Alliance's overall loss position, it has not historically declared or paid a dividend to its shareholders. Alliance's franking account balance was nil as at 1 October 2015. No movements in the franking account are projected up to the time of the return of capital.

28. Alliance has not forecasted the declaration of a dividend to its shareholders in the foreseeable future, based on its future business operations.

29. As at 30 June 2015, approximately 3.7% of Alliance's shares were held by foreign resident shareholders. There is no foreign resident shareholder who owns more than 10% of the shares in Alliance.

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**Ruling****Return of capital is not a dividend**

30. The return of capital to the Alliance shareholders will not be a dividend, as defined in subsection 6(1).

**Anti-avoidance provisions will not apply**

31. The Commissioner will not make a determination under sections 45A or 45B that section 45C applies to the return of capital.

**Capital gains tax**

32. CGT event C2 will happen when Alliance pays the return of capital to an Alliance shareholder in respect of an Alliance share that they owned at the Record Date but ceased to own before the Payment Date (section 104-25 of the ITAA 1997).

33. However, CGT event G1 will instead happen if an Alliance shareholder owned the Alliance share at the Record Date and continued to own it at the Payment Date (section 104-135 of the ITAA 1997).

## **Foreign resident shareholders**

34. An Alliance shareholder disregards a capital gain or capital loss from CGT event C2 if they are a foreign resident just before the return of capital is paid and if the right to receive the return of capital is not 'taxable Australian property' (section 855-10 of the ITAA 1997).

35. An Alliance shareholder disregards a capital gain from CGT event G1 if they are a foreign resident just before the return of capital is paid and if their Alliance shares are not 'taxable Australian property' (section 855-10 of the ITAA 1997).

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**Commissioner of Taxation**

21 October 2015

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## **Appendix 1 – Explanation**

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**❶** *This Appendix is provided as information to help you understand how the Commissioner's view has been reached. It does not form part of the binding public ruling.*

### **Return of capital is not a dividend**

36. The term 'dividend' is defined in subsection 6(1) and includes a distribution made by a company to any of its shareholders. However, paragraph (d) of the definition of 'dividend' excludes a distribution that is debited against an amount standing to the credit of the share capital account of the company.

37. As the return of capital will be recorded as being wholly debited to Alliance's share capital account, the return of capital of \$0.12 per share will not be a dividend.

### **Anti-avoidance provisions will not apply**

38. Sections 45A and 45B are two anti-avoidance provisions which, if they apply, allow the Commissioner to determine that all or part of a distribution is treated as an unfranked dividend.

#### **Section 45A**

39. Section 45A applies where capital benefits are streamed to some shareholders (the Advantaged Shareholders), who would derive a greater benefit from the capital benefits than other shareholders (the Disadvantaged Shareholders) and these Disadvantaged Shareholders receive, or are likely to receive, dividends.

40. As Alliance will make a pro-rata return of capital to all of its shareholders in respect of their ordinary shares, there will not be streaming of capital benefits to some shareholders and not to others.

41. Accordingly, the Commissioner will not make a determination under subsection 45A(2) that section 45C applies.

#### **Section 45B**

42. Section 45B applies where certain capital payments are made to shareholders in substitution for dividends. In broad terms, there needs to be a scheme in which, having regard to the relevant circumstances of the scheme, it would be concluded that the person, or one of the persons, who entered into the scheme or carried out the scheme or any part of the scheme did so for a purpose, other than an incidental purpose, of enabling the relevant taxpayer to obtain a tax benefit.

43. As a return of capital will generally result in a lesser amount of tax payable than a dividend, Alliance Shareholders will obtain a tax benefit within the meaning of subsection 45B(9).

### *Relevant circumstances*

44. Subsection 45B(8) lists the relevant circumstances of the scheme which the Commissioner must have regard to when determining whether or not the requisite purpose exists.

45. Having regard to these relevant circumstances, it cannot be concluded that Alliance will enter into or carry out the scheme for a more than incidental purpose of enabling the Alliance shareholders to obtain a tax benefit.

46. Although the Sale will generate profits for Alliance, the commercial circumstances of the Sale indicate that enabling shareholders to obtain a tax benefit is no more than an incidental purpose of entering into, or carrying out, the scheme. These circumstances include:

- the dilution of ACE's joint venture interest over time if it continues its participation in the Project without making further contributions to the expenses of the Project. For example, as a result of its decision not to contribute to the Project's 2015 Program and Budget, ACE's interest in the Joint Venture will reduce from the current 25% to approximately 15% by 31 December 2015
- the 2014 legal proceedings instituted by ACE which were caused by ACE's inability to fund its share of the expenses in the operation of the Project from the proceeds of the sale of the product mined at the Project, and
- after the Sale which is considered a disposal of its significant income generating asset, Alliance will be left only with exploration assets in Chile.

47. Accordingly, the Commissioner will not make a determination under subsection 45B(3) that section 45C applies.

### **Capital gains tax**

#### ***CGT event C2 – section 104-25***

48. The right to receive the payment of the return of capital is one of the rights inherent in an Alliance share at the Record Date. If, after the Record Date but before the Payment Date, an Alliance shareholder ceases to own some, or all, of their shares in Alliance, the right to receive the payment of the return of capital in respect of each of the shares disposed of will still be retained by the shareholder and is considered to be a separate CGT asset.

49. CGT event C2 will happen when the return of capital is paid. The right to receive the payment (being an intangible CGT asset) will end by the right being discharged or satisfied when the payment is made.

50. An Alliance shareholder will make a capital gain if the capital proceeds from the ending of the right are more than the cost base of the right (subsection 104-25(3) of the ITAA 1997).

51. The capital proceeds will be the return of capital of \$0.12 per share (subsection 116-20(1) of the ITAA 1997).

52. The cost base of the right to receive the return of capital will be nil as Alliance shareholders did not incur any costs to acquire that right (Division 110 of the ITAA 1997). Therefore, a capital gain equal to the amount received as the return of capital is likely to arise.

53. The cost base of the right does not include the cost base or reduced cost base of the share previously owned by the Alliance shareholder that has been applied in working out a capital gain or capital loss made when a CGT event happened to the share – for example, when the Alliance shareholder disposed of the share after the Record Date.

54. As the right to receive the return of capital was inherent in the Alliance share during the time it was owned, the right is considered to have been acquired at the time when the share was acquired (section 109-5 of the ITAA 1997).

55. If the Alliance share was originally acquired by an Alliance shareholder at least 12 months before the payment of the return of capital, a capital gain from CGT event C2 happening to the right may qualify as a discount capital gain under subsection 115-25(1) of the ITAA 1997, provided the other conditions in Subdivision 115-A of the ITAA 1997 are satisfied.

### ***CGT event G1 – section 104-135***

56. CGT event G1 happens when a company makes a payment to a shareholder in respect of a share they own and some or all of the payment (the non-assessable part) is not a dividend or an amount that is taken to be a dividend under section 47.

57. Accordingly, CGT event G1 will happen when Alliance pays the return of capital to an Alliance Shareholder in respect of an Alliance share that they own at the Record Date and continue to own at the Payment Date.

58. An Alliance Shareholder will make a capital gain if the return of capital amount is more than the cost base of the shareholder's Alliance share. The amount of the capital gain is equal to that excess (subsection 104-135(3) of the ITAA 1997).

59. If an Australian resident shareholder makes a capital gain from CGT event G1 happening, the cost base and reduced cost base of the Alliance share is reduced to nil. An Australian resident shareholder cannot make a capital loss from CGT event G1 happening (subsection 104-135(3) of the ITAA 1997).

60. If the return of capital amount is equal to or less than the cost base of the Alliance share at the Payment Date, the cost base and reduced cost base of the ordinary share will be reduced by the amount of the payment (subsection 104-135(4) of the ITAA 1997).

61. If the Alliance share was originally acquired by an Alliance shareholder at least 12 months before the payment of the return of capital, a capital gain from CGT event G1 may qualify as a discount capital gain under subsection 115-25(1) of the ITAA 1997, provided the other conditions in Subdivision 115-A of the ITAA 1997 are satisfied.

### *Example*

62. An Alliance shareholder acquired their shares at two different times for \$0.60 and \$0.08 per share, and continues to hold those shares at the Payment Date:

- for shares with a cost base of \$0.60 per share, the cost base will reduce to \$0.48 per share following the \$0.12 return of capital, and
- for shares with a cost base of \$0.08 per share, the cost base will reduce to nil and the shareholder will make a capital gain of \$0.04 per share following the \$0.12 return of capital. The capital gain may qualify as a discount capital gain under subsection 115-25(1) of the ITAA 1997, provided the other conditions in Subdivision 115-A of the ITAA 1997 are satisfied.

63. Shares acquired under the Non-Renounceable Rights Issue announced by Alliance on 2 December 2014 will not qualify as a discount capital gain as the shares were not acquired at least 12 months before the return of capital.

### **Foreign resident shareholders**

64. Under section 855-10 of the ITAA 1997, an entity disregards a capital gain or capital loss from a CGT event if they are a foreign resident just before the CGT event happens, and the CGT event happens in relation to a CGT asset that is not 'taxable Australian property' as defined in the table in section 855-15 of the ITAA 1997.

65. An Alliance shareholder disregards a capital gain or capital loss from CGT event C2 if they are a foreign resident just before the return of capital is paid and if the right to receive the return of capital is not 'taxable Australian property'.

66. An Alliance shareholder disregards a capital gain from CGT event G1 if they are a foreign resident just before the return of capital is paid and if the Alliance shares are not 'taxable Australian property'.

## **Appendix 2 – Detailed contents list**

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## References

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<i>Previous draft:</i>	- ITAA 1936 45B(2)(c)
Not previously issued as a draft	- ITAA 1936 45B(3)
	- ITAA 1936 45B(5)(b)
<i>Related Rulings/Determinations:</i>	- ITAA 1936 45B(8)
TR 2006/10	- ITAA 1936 45B(9)
	- ITAA 1936 45C
<i>Subject references:</i>	- ITAA 1936 47
	- ITAA 1997
- capital benefit	- ITAA 1997 104-25
- capital gains tax	- ITAA 1997 104-25(3)
- capital reductions	- ITAA 1997 104-135
- CGT asset	- ITAA 1997 104-135(3)
- CGT cost base	- ITAA 1997 104-135(4)
- CGT events G1-G3 – shares	- ITAA 1997 109-5
- distributions	- ITAA 1997 Div 110
- dividend income	- ITAA 1997 Div 112
- ordinary shares	- ITAA 1997 Div 115
- profits	- ITAA 1997 115-25
- return of capital on shares	- ITAA 1997 115-25(1)
- share capital	- ITAA 1997 116-20(1)
- shareholder payments	- ITAA 1997 197-50
- unfranked dividends	- ITAA 1997 Div 230
	- ITAA 1997 Div 855
<i>Legislative references:</i>	- ITAA 1997 855-10
- ITAA 1936	- ITAA 1997 855-15
- ITAA 1936 6(1)	- ITAA 1997 975-300
- ITAA 1936 45A	- ITAA 1997 975-300(3)
- ITAA 1936 45A(2)	- TAA 1953
- ITAA 1936 45A(3)	- Corporations Act 2001
- ITAA 1936 45B	- Corporations Act 2001 256B
- ITAA 1936 45B(2)(a)	- Corporations Act 2001 256C
- ITAA 1936 45B(2)(b)	

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### ATO references

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